

CM300 - Introdução ao Cálculo

Lista de Exercícios 1

1. Expresse cada número abaixo na forma decimal (pode usar uma calculadora).

$$(a) \frac{1}{4} \quad (b) -\frac{250}{8} \quad (c) -\frac{3}{160} \quad (d) \frac{4}{11} \quad (e) -\frac{30}{7} \quad (f) \frac{560}{14} \quad (g) \frac{7}{8}$$

$$(h) \frac{8}{7} \quad (i) \frac{200}{3} \quad (j) -\frac{4}{5}$$

2. Simplifique o máximo possível cada uma das frações, deixando-as na forma irreduzível.

$$(a) \frac{42}{70} \quad (b) -\frac{22}{99} \quad (c) \frac{24}{18} \quad (d) -\frac{66}{78} \quad (e) \frac{360}{150} \quad (f) \frac{72}{84} \quad (g) -\frac{225}{60}$$

3. Efetue as operações indicadas em cada item, expressando o resultado como uma fração irreduzível.

$$(a) \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3}}{\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{5}} \quad (b) \frac{\frac{3}{4}}{-\frac{4}{3}} \quad (c) \frac{\frac{3}{4}}{-\frac{3}{4}} \quad (d) \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \quad (e) \frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{2} - \frac{10}{3}$$

$$(f) \left(-\frac{2}{5}\right) \left(-\frac{2}{5}\right) + \frac{1}{5} \quad (g) \frac{100}{3} - \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{21} \quad (h) \left(-\frac{7}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{7}{3}\right) \left(-\frac{7}{4}\right)$$

$$(i) -\frac{7}{2} - \frac{7}{3} - \frac{7}{4} \quad (j) \frac{\frac{1}{5}}{\frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{5}} \quad (k) \frac{\frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{5}}{\frac{1}{5}} \quad (l) \frac{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4}}{\frac{1}{5}}$$

4. Escreva as expressões abaixo na forma expandida.

$$(a) (x+3)^2 \quad (b) (x+4)(x-4) \quad (c) (y-7)^2 \quad (d) x^2(2x+4)(2x-4)$$

$$(e) (5x-1)^2 \quad (f) (x^2+x)^2 \quad (g) (-x-1)^2 \quad (h) 2x(x^2+3) \quad (i) (x+2x^2+1)(2x+3)$$

5. Fatore o máximo possível as expressões abaixo.

$$(a) x^2 + 6x + 9 \quad (b) 4x^2 - 4x + 1 \quad (c) x^2 - 16 \quad (d) x^4 - 1 \quad (e) 25x^7 - 4x$$

$$(f) 8x^3 + 6x^2 + 2x^4 \quad (g) 7x^6 - 28x^4 + 28x^2 \quad (h) x^{100} + 4x^{60} + 4x^{20} \quad (i) 4x^7 + 12x^5 + 9x^3$$

Respostas:

1. (a) 0, 25 (b) $-31, 25$ (c) 0, 01875 (d) 0, $\overline{36}$ (e) $-4, \overline{285714}$
(f) 40 (g) 0, 875 (h) 1, $\overline{142857}$ (i) 66, $\overline{6}$ (j) $-0, 8$

2. (a) $\frac{3}{5}$ (b) $-\frac{2}{9}$ (c) $\frac{4}{3}$ (d) $-\frac{11}{13}$ (e) $\frac{12}{5}$ (f) $\frac{6}{7}$ (g) $-\frac{15}{4}$

3. (a) $\frac{20}{33}$ (b) -1 (c) $-\frac{9}{16}$ (d) $\frac{11}{6}$ (e) $-\frac{7}{6}$ (f) $\frac{9}{25}$ (g) $\frac{698}{21}$
(h) $-\frac{343}{24}$ (i) $-\frac{91}{12}$ (j) $\frac{1}{5}$ (k) 5 (l) $\frac{65}{12}$

4. (a) $x^2 + 6x + 9$ (b) $x^2 - 16$ (c) $y^2 - 14y + 49$ (d) $4x^4 - 16x^2$
(e) $25x^2 - 10x + 1$ (f) $x^4 + 2x^3 + x^2$ (g) $x^2 + 2x + 1$ (h) $2x^3 + 6x$
(i) $4x^3 + 8x^2 + 5x + 3$

5. (a) $(x + 3)^2$ (b) $(2x - 1)^2$ (c) $(x + 4)(x - 4)$
(d) $(x^2 + 1)(x - 1)(x + 1)$ (e) $x(5x^3 + 2)(5x^3 - 2)$
(f) $2x^2(4x + 3 + x^2)$ (g) $7x^2(x^2 - 2)^2$ (h) $x^{20}(x^{40} + 2)^2$ (i) $x^3(2x^2 + 3)^2$